



THINKWELL

# Cost of immunization during the COVID-19 pandemic

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16 JULY 2020



## AGENDA

1. Overview
2. Campaigns
3. Routine
4. Routine outreach
5. Conclusions & discussion



# 1. Overview of the analyses

## COVID-19: IMPLICATIONS ON IMMUNIZATION DELIVERY COSTS

COVID-19 pandemic is disrupting immunization services



Need to modify immunization services to optimize coverage while minimizing the risks of COVID-19 transmission



**How much more does it cost to ensure continuation of immunization services during the COVID-19 pandemic?**



## COVID-19: IMPLICATIONS ON IMMUNIZATION DELIVERY COSTS

COVID-19 pandemic is disrupting immunization services



Need to modify immunization services to optimize coverage while minimizing the risks of COVID-19 transmission



# SCENARIOS & ASSUMPTIONS

- We developed scenarios of potential delivery strategy changes based on:
  - WHO guidance
  - COVID-19 country protocols: Bangladesh, DRC, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Philippines and Uganda
  - Review of experiences from the Ebola epidemic
- Source for price data:
  - WHO COVID-19 Essential Supplies Forecasting Tool
  - UNICEF Supply Catalogue
  - WASH study



## OVERVIEW OF THE SCENARIOS

1.

Personal protective equipment (**PPE**) & Infection Prevention and Control (**IPC**) measures for immunization sessions

2.

Adding staff to ensure **physical distance** is maintained and for **screening** during immunization sessions

3.

**Context adjustments:** changes in session sizes and frequency, hazard pay to compensate health workers

4.

Other **operational cost** increases: additional social mobilization, communication, training, transport, etc.

## 2. Campaigns



## CAMPAIGN ANALYSIS: OVERVIEW

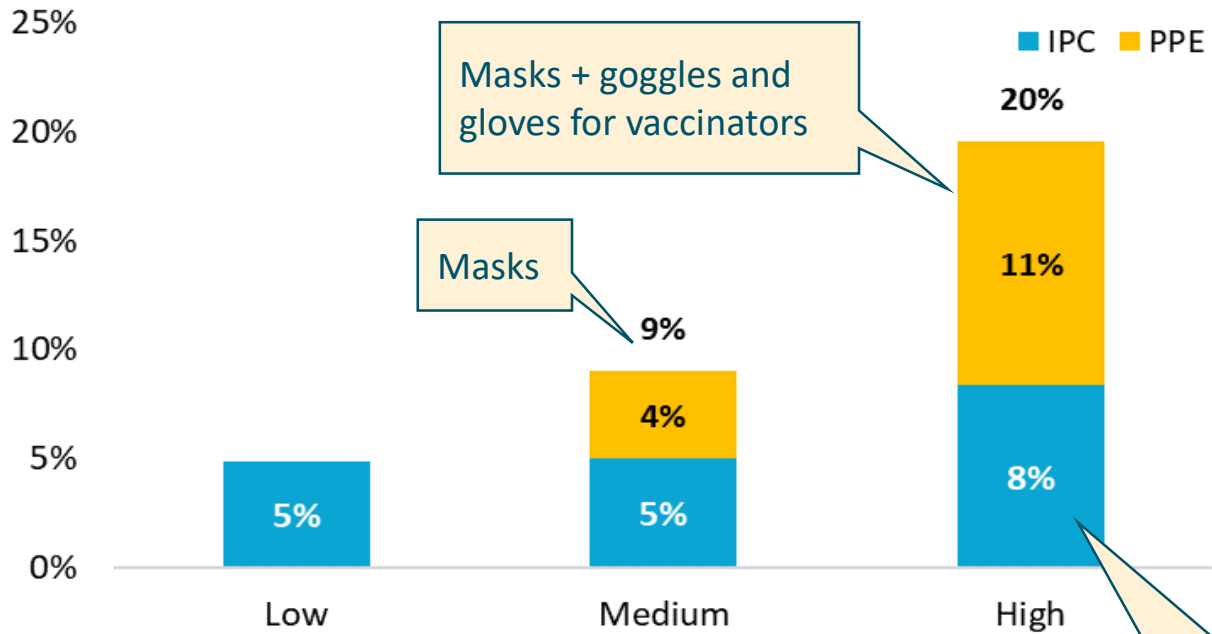
- Data reported in **10 campaign costing studies** from low and middle income countries
- The majority of these were **pilot/feasibility studies (n=6)**, followed by costing of outbreak/reactive campaigns (n=3) and follow-up (n=1)
- The campaign strategies were predominantly **fixed-site** based, four studies also contained a mobile delivery element
- Calculated the additional **cost per dose in USD** and as a **percentage** increase



# 1. PPE & IPC

n= 9

Median percentage increase in cost per dose



Masks + goggles and gloves for vaccinators

Masks

Advanced handwashing stations & hand sanitizer

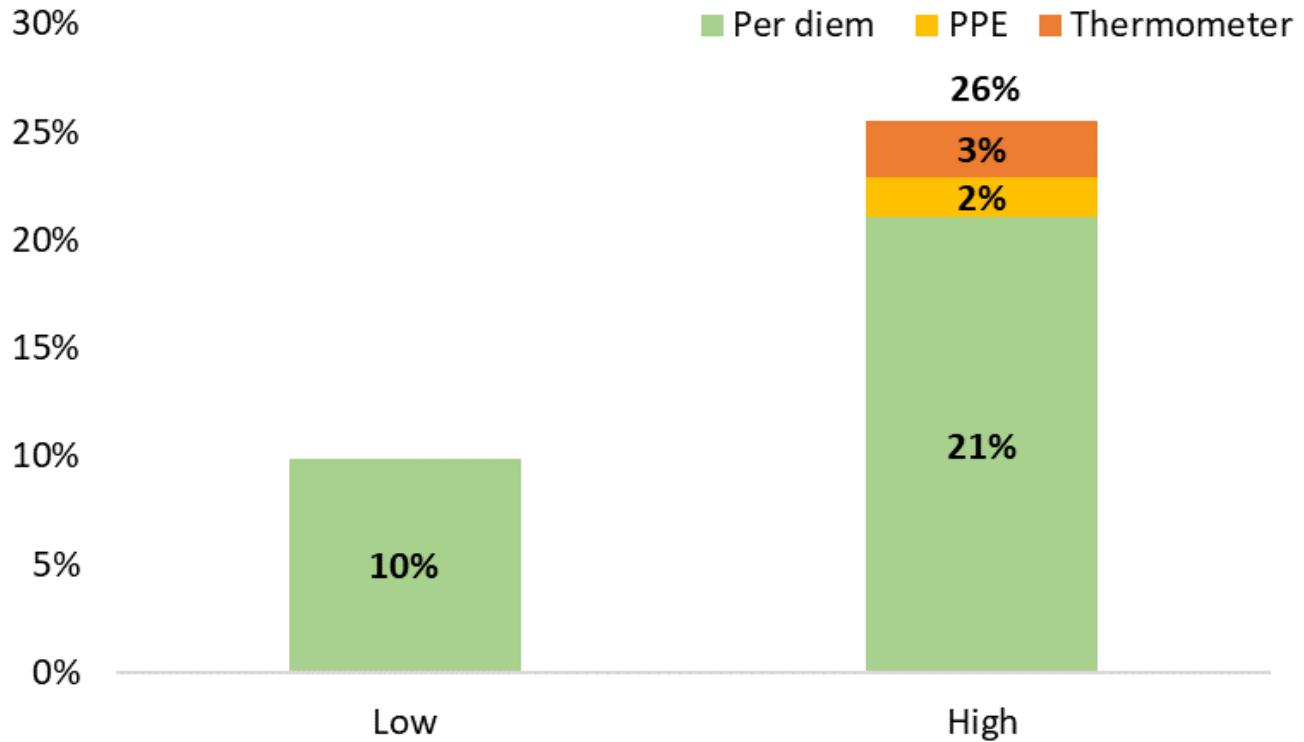
Hand washing stations & hand sanitizer

Simple handwashing station & hand sanitizer

## 2. PHYSICAL DISTANCING & SCREENING

n=4

Median percentage increase in cost per dose



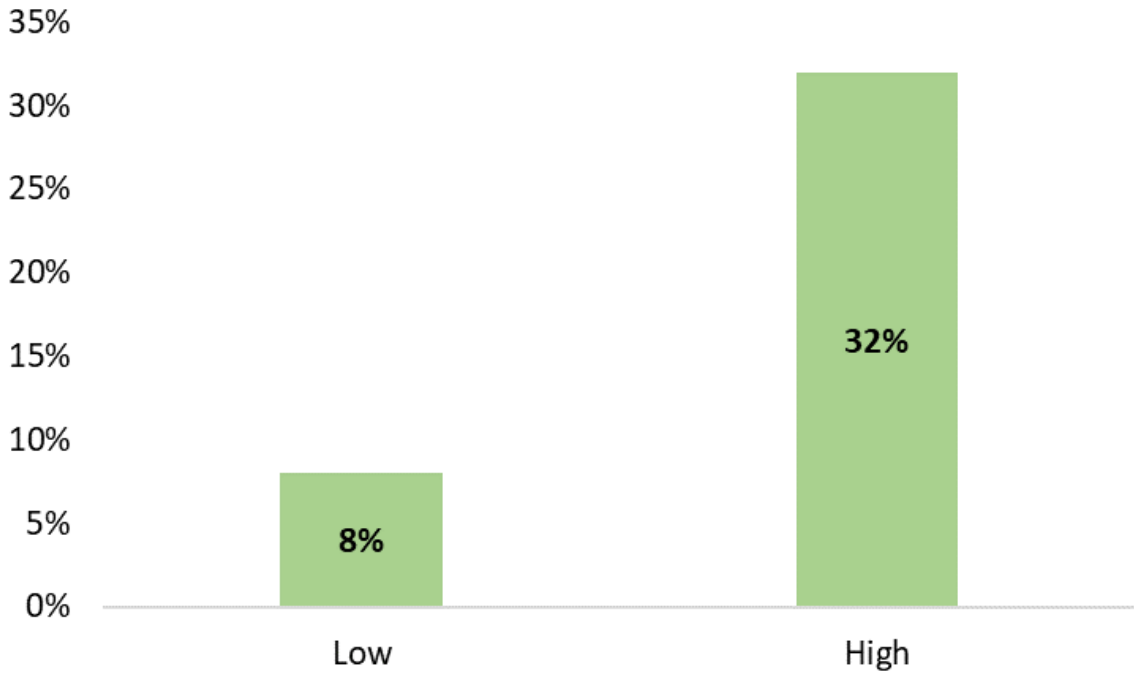
- **One** additional crowd controller on each team

- Adding **two** crowd controllers on each team
- **1 infrared thermometer** per team

### 3. EXTENDED CAMPAIGN DURATION

n=5  
T  
H  
N  
K  
W  
E  
L  
L

Median percentage increase in cost per dose



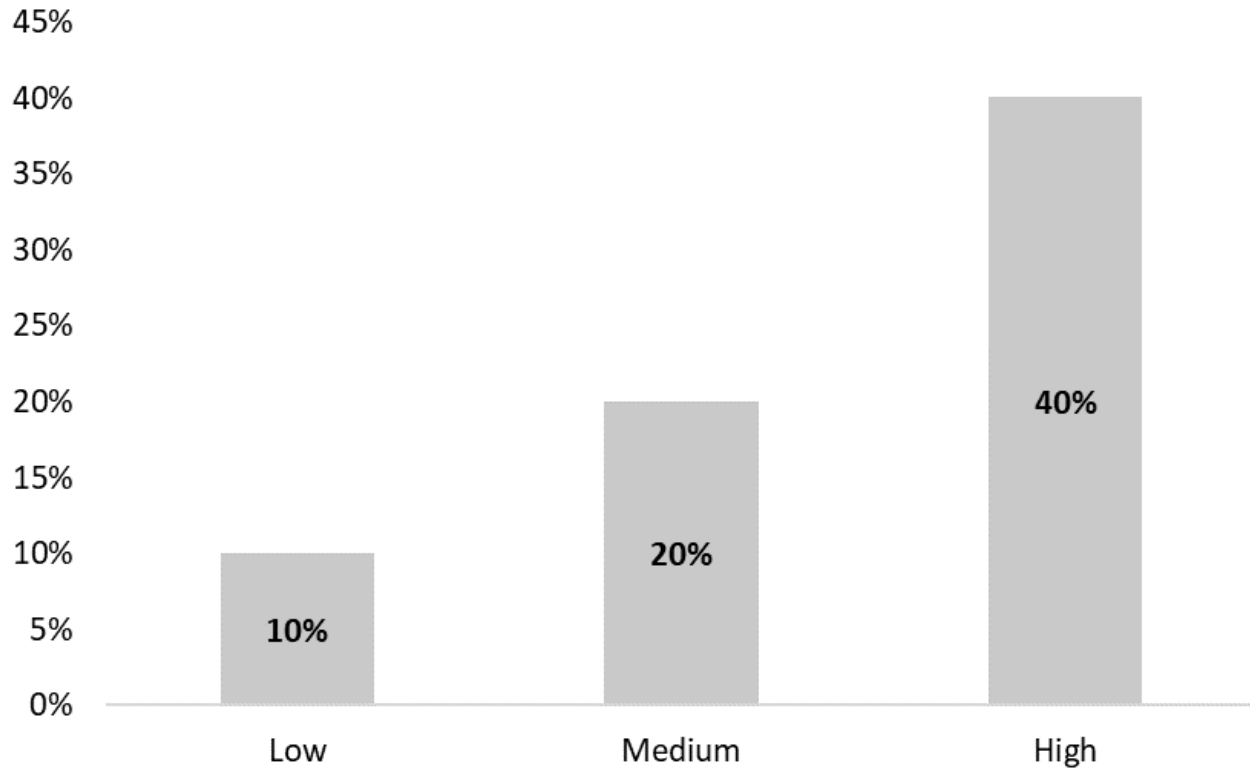
Additional health worker per diems associated with a **reduction to the daily target to 80%** of the original achievement

Reducing to **50%** of the daily target

# 4. OPERATIONAL COST INCREASE

n=7  
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Median percentage increase in cost per dose



An increase of **25%** of all cost components potentially affected by COVID-19: social mobilization, training, transport, etc.

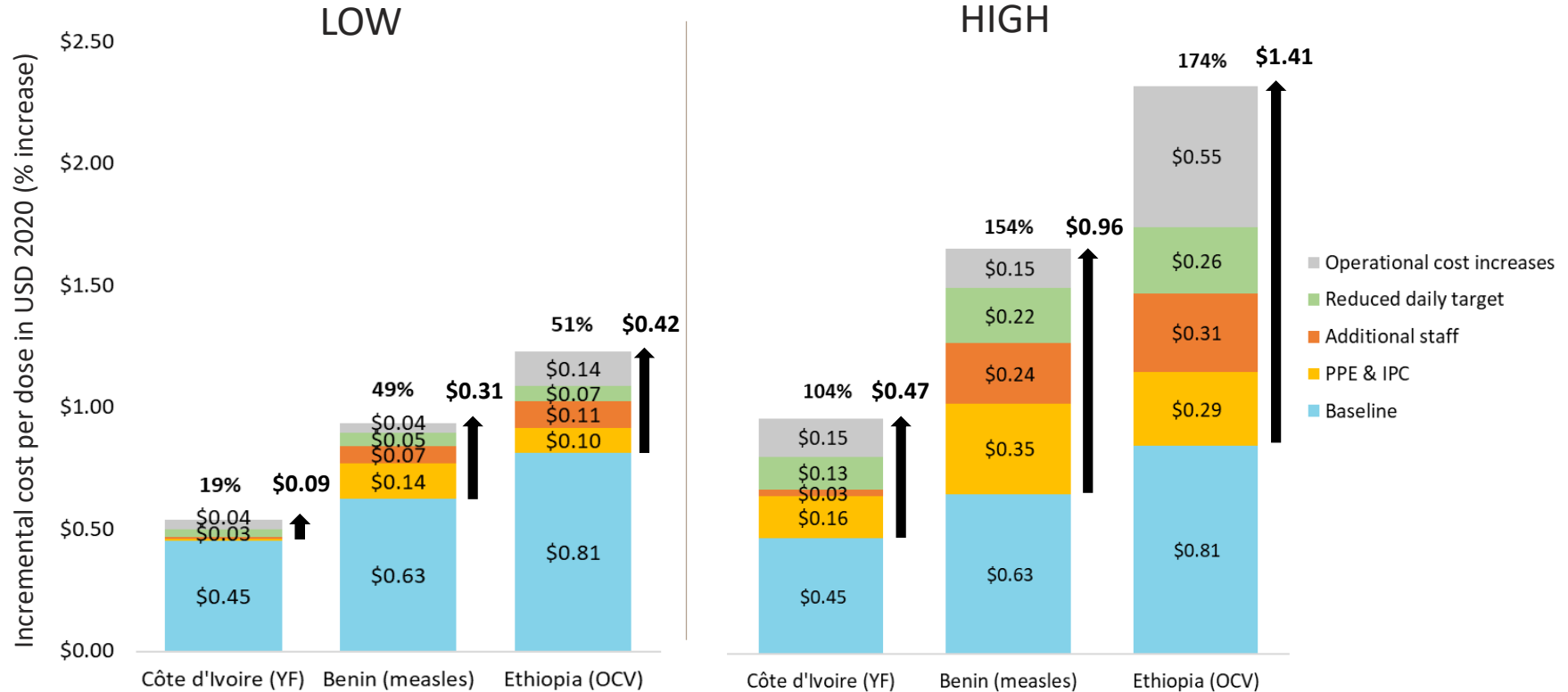
Increase of **50%**

Increase of **100%**

# CUMULATIVE: ALL MEASURES COMBINED

n=3

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1. Simple handwashing station (no PPE)
2. 1 additional crowd controller
3. 80% of daily target
4. 25% increase of operational components

1. Masks, gloves, goggles & advanced handwashing stations
2. 2 additional crowd controllers + infrared thermometer
3. 50% of daily target
4. 100% increase of operational components

### 3. Routine

# ROUTINE SCENARIOS

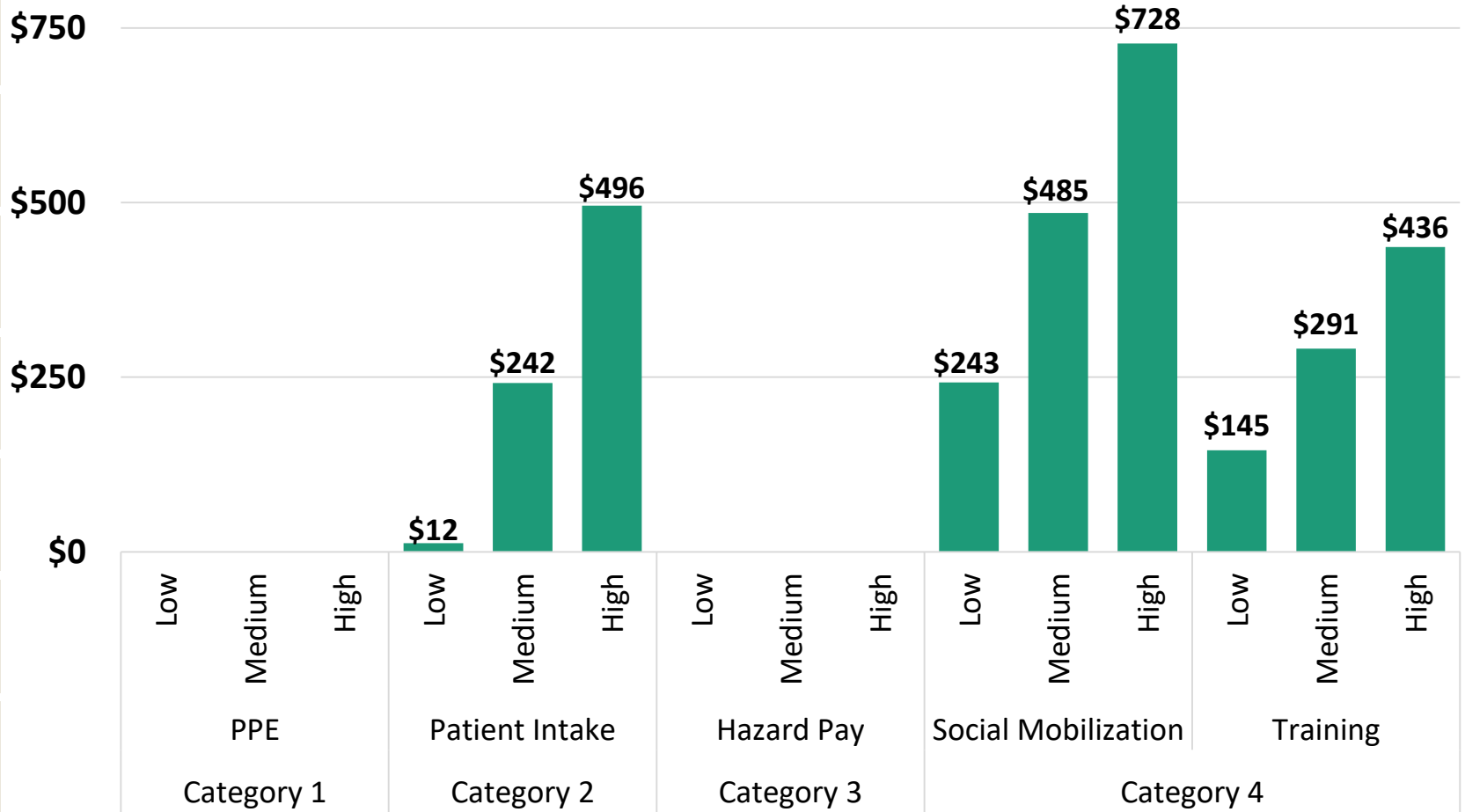
Each category is presented as the incremental financial outlays required for the relevant adjustments.

	1. PPE	2. Physical distance	3. Hazard pay	4. Training/social mobilization*
LOW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No PPE</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One additional team member</li> <li>Hand washing station for facility waiting area (low: simple; medium: higher quality)</li> </ul>	<p><b>10%</b> of salary hazard pay rate</p>	<p><b>50/100%</b> of estimated costs required for COVID-19</p>
MEDIUM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 x mask per health worker per day</li> <li>Hand sanitizer for vaccinators</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tape; plexiglass barriers (medium only)</li> </ul>	<p><b>20%</b> of salary hazard pay rate</p>	<p><b>100/200%</b> of estimated costs required for COVID-19</p>
HIGH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 x mask per health worker per day</li> <li>Reusable goggles for vaccinators</li> <li>1 x pair of gloves per client per day for vaccinators</li> <li>2 x pair of gloves for non-vaccinators per day</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two additional team members</li> <li>Hand washing station for facility waiting area</li> <li>Tape; plexiglass barriers; one screening tent &amp; thermometer per facility</li> </ul>	<p><b>30%</b> of salary hazard pay rate</p>	<p><b>150/300%</b> of estimated costs required for COVID-19</p>

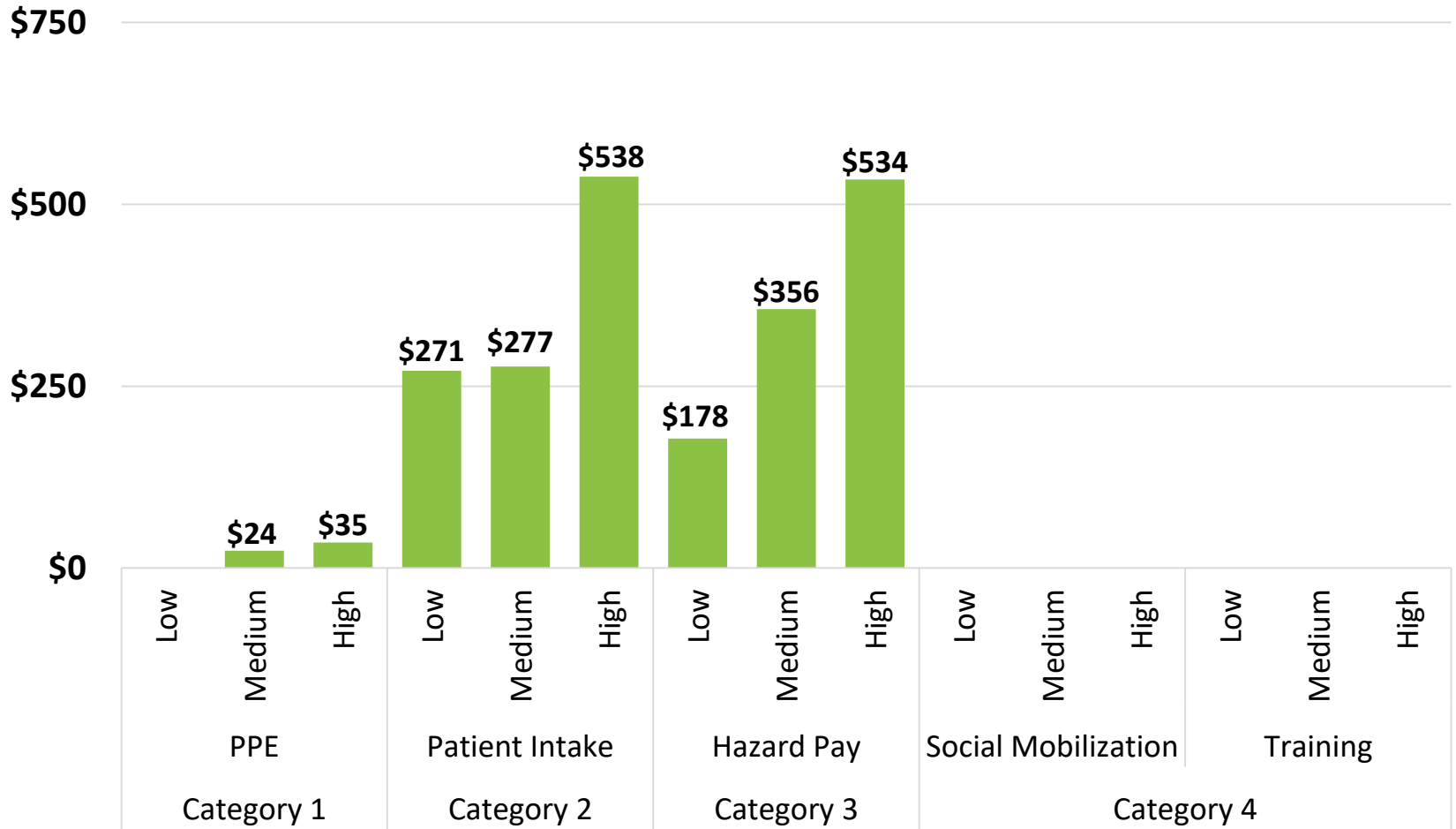
\*According to estimates from 11 IDCC studies inflated to 2018 USD.



## TOTAL INCREASE IN ROUTINE COSTS PER FACILITY: STARTUP COSTS



## TOTAL INCREASE IN ROUTINE COSTS PER FACILITY: MONTHLY RECURRENT COSTS



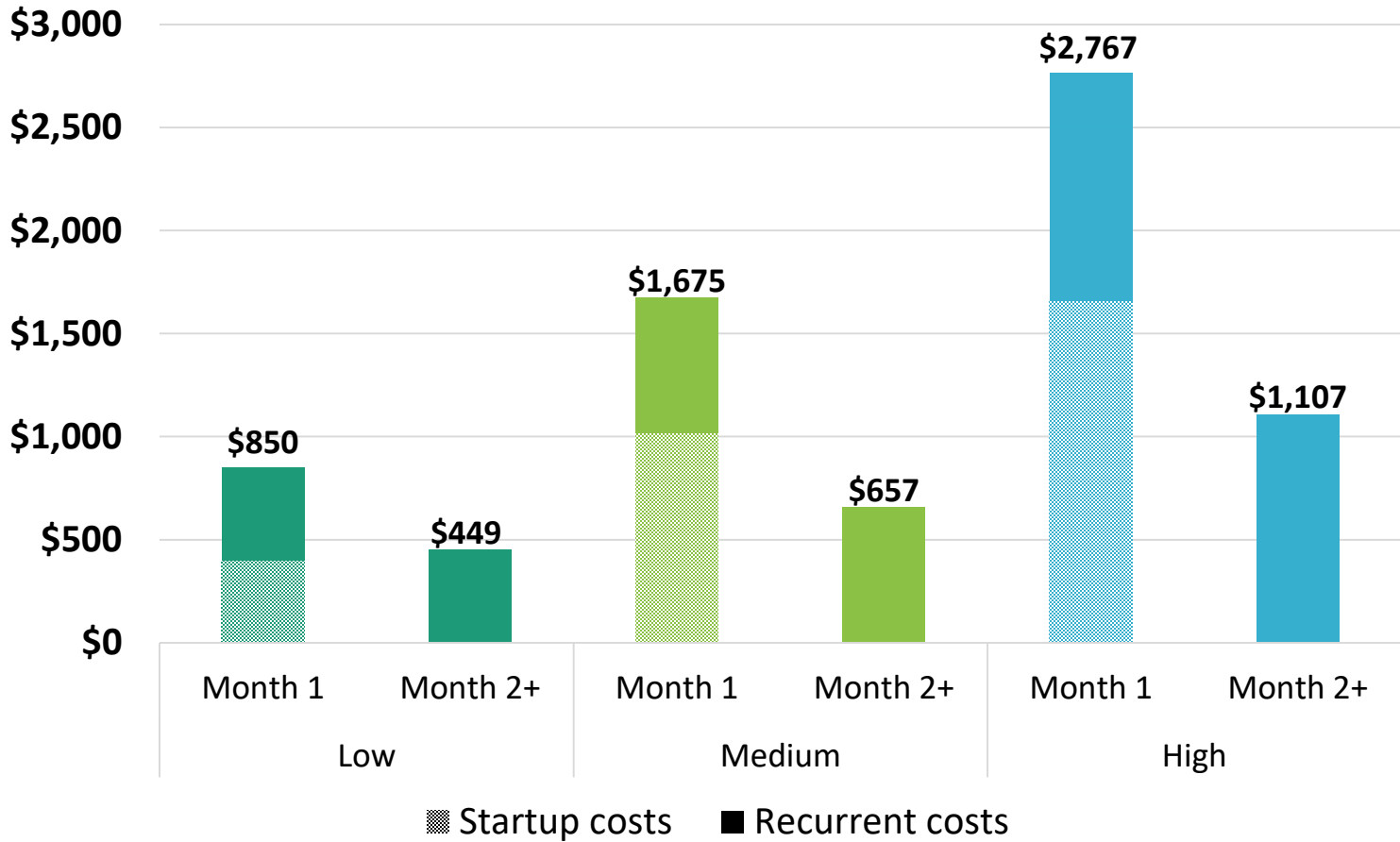
# ROUTINE SCENARIOS

Each category is presented as the incremental financial outlays required for the relevant adjustments.

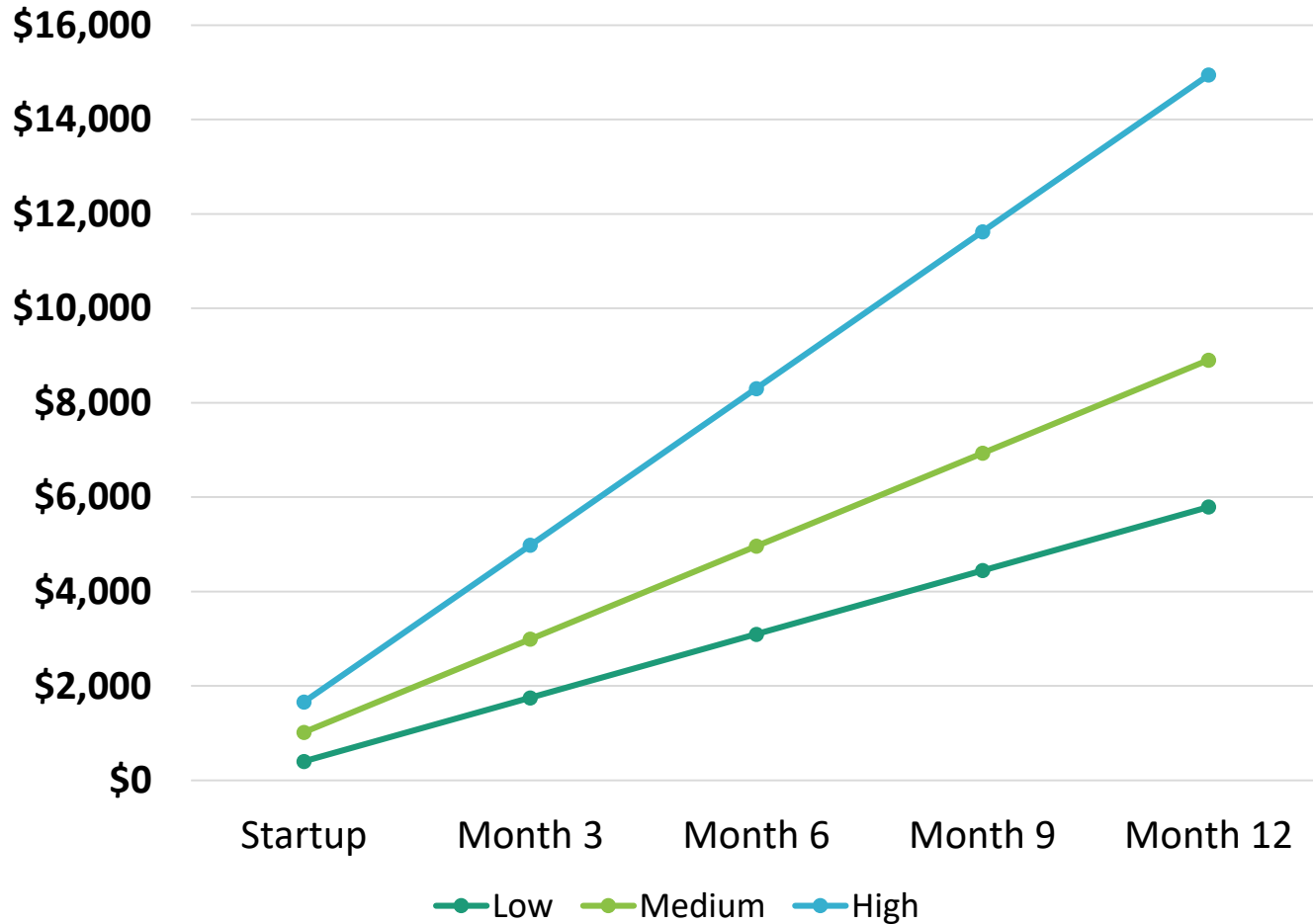
	1. PPE	2. Physical distance	3. Hazard pay	4. Training/social mobilization*
LOW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No PPE</li> </ul> <p>R:\$0</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One additional team member</li> </ul> <p>S:\$12    R:\$271</p>	<p>10% of salary hazard pay rate</p> <p>R:\$178</p>	<p>St:\$145 estimated costs required for</p> <p>Ssm:\$243</p>
MEDIUM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 x mask per health worker per day</li> <li>Hand sanitizer for vacc</li> </ul> <p>R:\$24</p>	<p>simple; medium: higher quality)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tape; plexiglass barriers (medium only)</li> </ul> <p>S:\$242    R:\$277</p>	<p>20% of salary hazard pay rate</p> <p>R:\$271</p>	<p>St:\$291 estimated costs required for</p> <p>Ssm:\$485</p>
HIGH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 x mask per health worker per day</li> <li>Reusable goggles for vaccinators</li> <li>1 x pair of gloves per client per day for vaccinators</li> <li>2 x pair of gloves for non</li> </ul> <p>R:\$35    day</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two additional team members</li> <li>Hand washing station for facility waiting area</li> <li>Tape; plexiglass barriers; one screening tent &amp; thermometer per facility</li> </ul> <p>S:\$496    R:\$538</p>	<p>30% of salary hazard pay rate</p> <p>R:\$538</p>	<p>St:\$436</p> <p>150/300% of estimated costs required for COVID-19</p> <p>Ssm:\$728</p>

\*According to estimates from 11 IDCC studies inflated to 2018 USD.

# AVERAGE PER-FACILITY COSTS OVER TIME, COST CATEGORIES COMBINED



## CUMULATIVE PER-FACILITY COST OVER TIME, BY SCENARIO:



## 4. Routine outreach

## ANALYSIS BASED OFF OF 2 EXISTING COSTING STUDIES ON ROUTINE OUTREACH

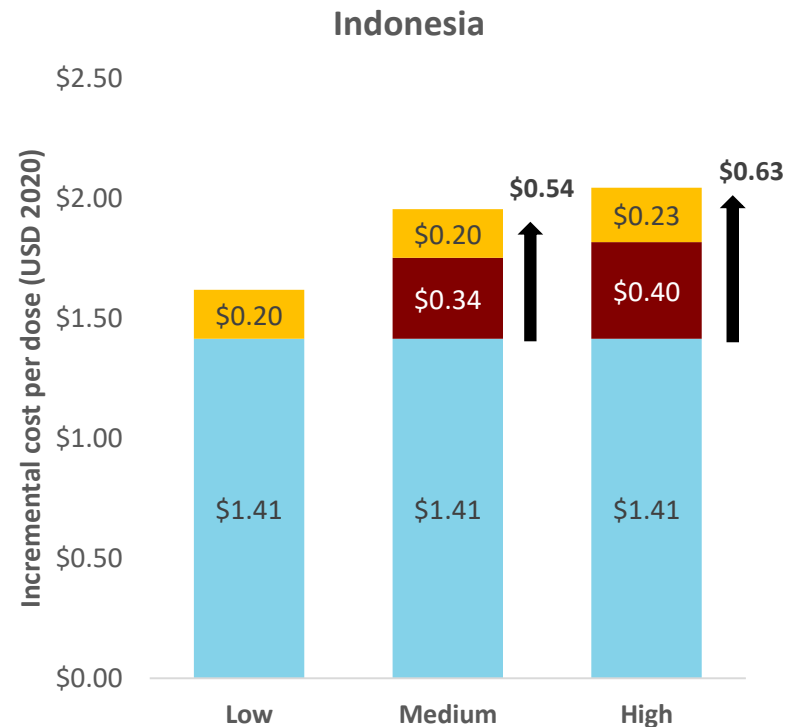
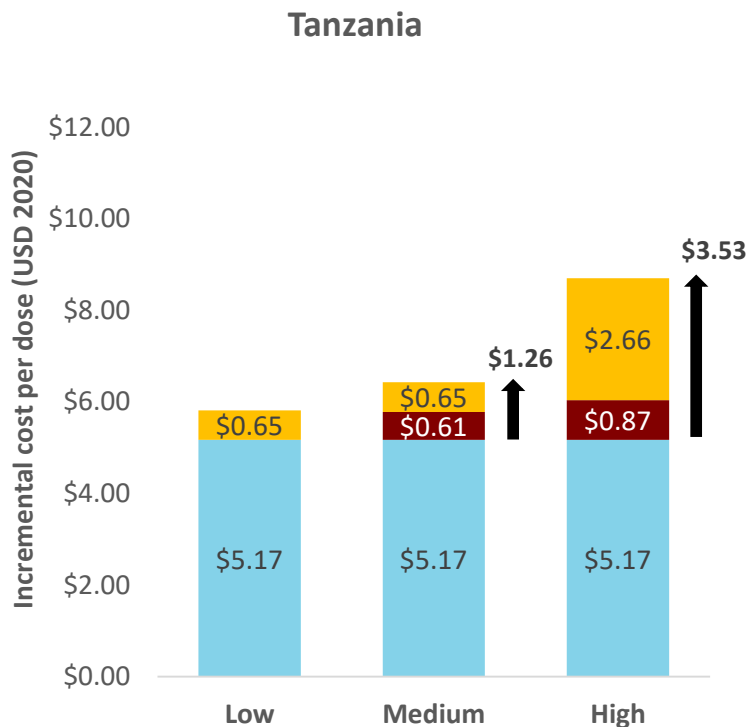
	<b>Tanzania</b>	<b>Indonesia</b>
<b>Schedule</b>	BCG, OPV, Penta, PCV, Rota, MR 2d	HepB birth, BCG, OPV, Penta, Measles 3d, DT, Td
<b>Baseline cost per dose in outreach (2020 USD)</b>	US\$ <b>5.17</b>	US\$ <b>1.41</b>
<b>Median % doses delivered in outreach</b>	14%	67%
<b>Sessions per month</b>	2.1	24
<b>Doses per session/day</b>	34	11
<b>Outreach per diem pp/d</b>	US\$ 7.86	US\$ 0.00

# PPE & IPC AT OUTREACH SESSION SITES

LOW
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- No PPE</li> <li>- Simple handwash. station</li> <li>- Hand sanitizer</li> </ul>

MEDIUM
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Masks</li> <li>- Simple handwash. station</li> <li>- Hand sanitizer</li> </ul>

HIGH
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Masks</li> <li>- Gloves</li> <li>- Reusable goggles</li> <li>- Advanced handwash. station</li> <li>- Hand sanitizer</li> </ul>



■ Baseline ■ PPE ■ IPC



# PHYSICAL DISTANCING AND SCREENING

**LOW**

- One crowd controller
- No PPE

**MEDIUM**

- One crowd controller
- Masks

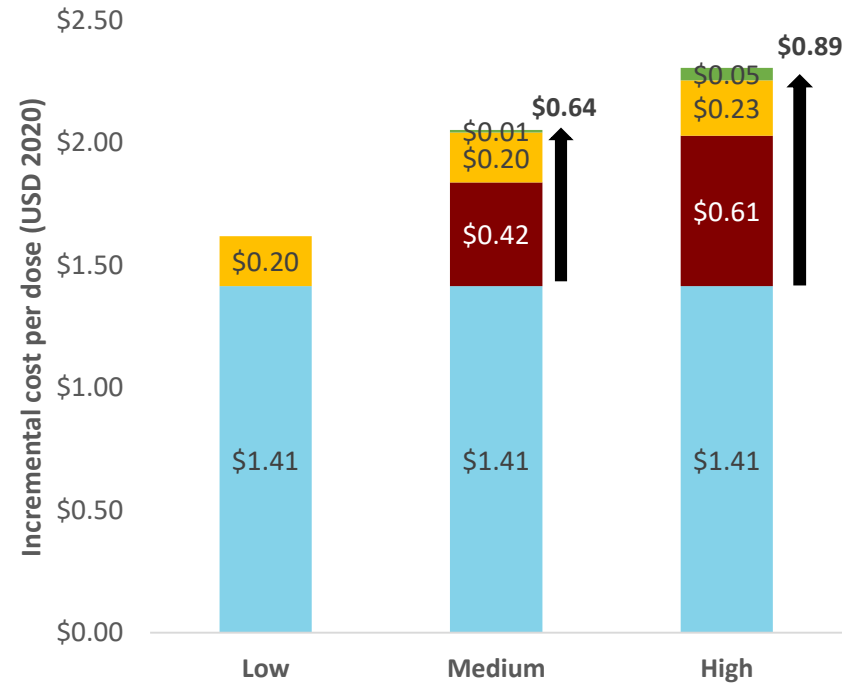
**HIGH**

- Two crowd controllers
- Masks
- Gloves
- Infrared thermometer

Tanzania



Indonesia



■ Baseline ■ PPE ■ IPC ■ Distancing and screening

# COMPENSATING FOR A DROP IN ATTENDANCE AT FACILITY-BASED SESSIONS & CLOSING OF SCHOOLS

**LOW**

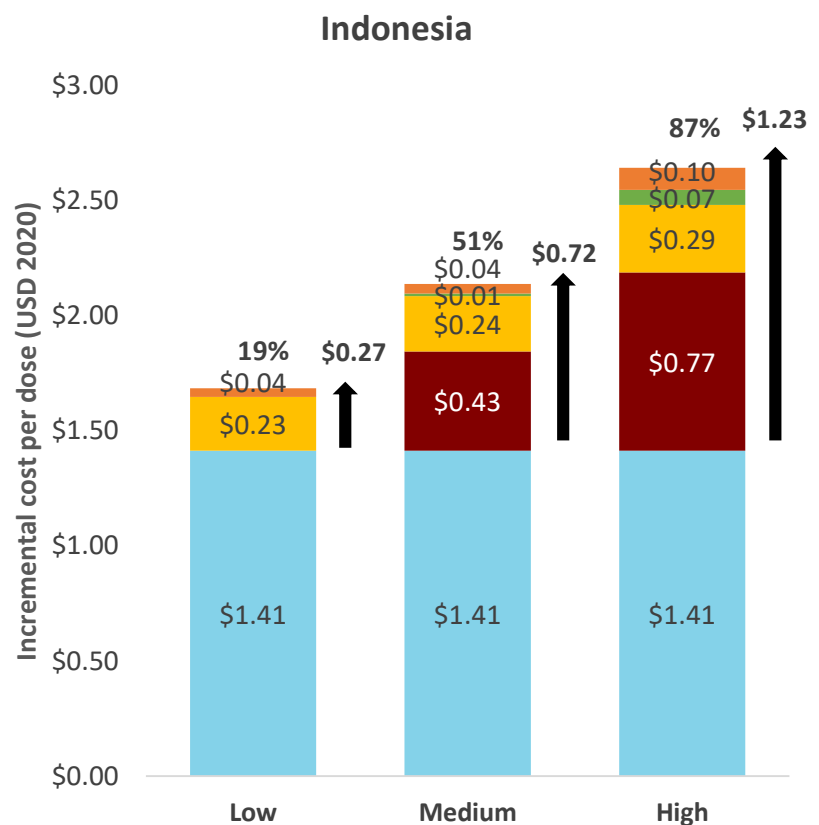
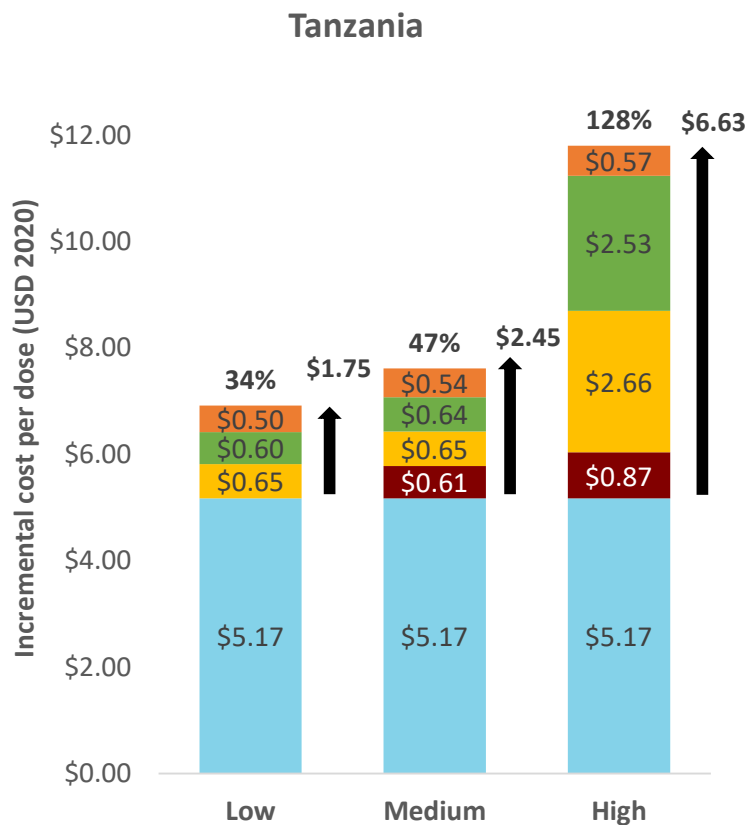
- Drop of 10% at facilities and 50% at schools

**MEDIUM**

- Drop of 25% at facilities and 50% at schools

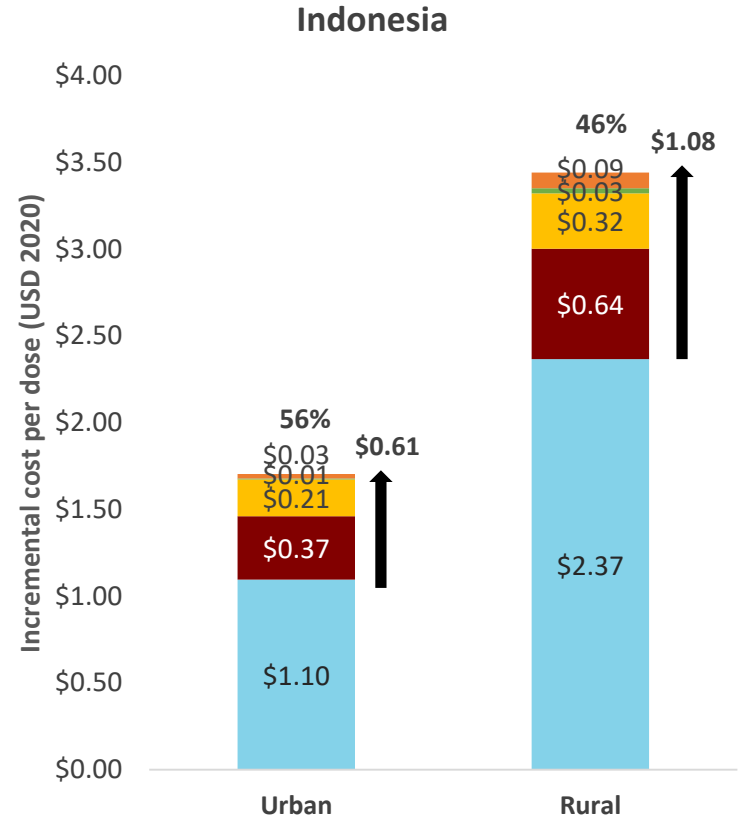
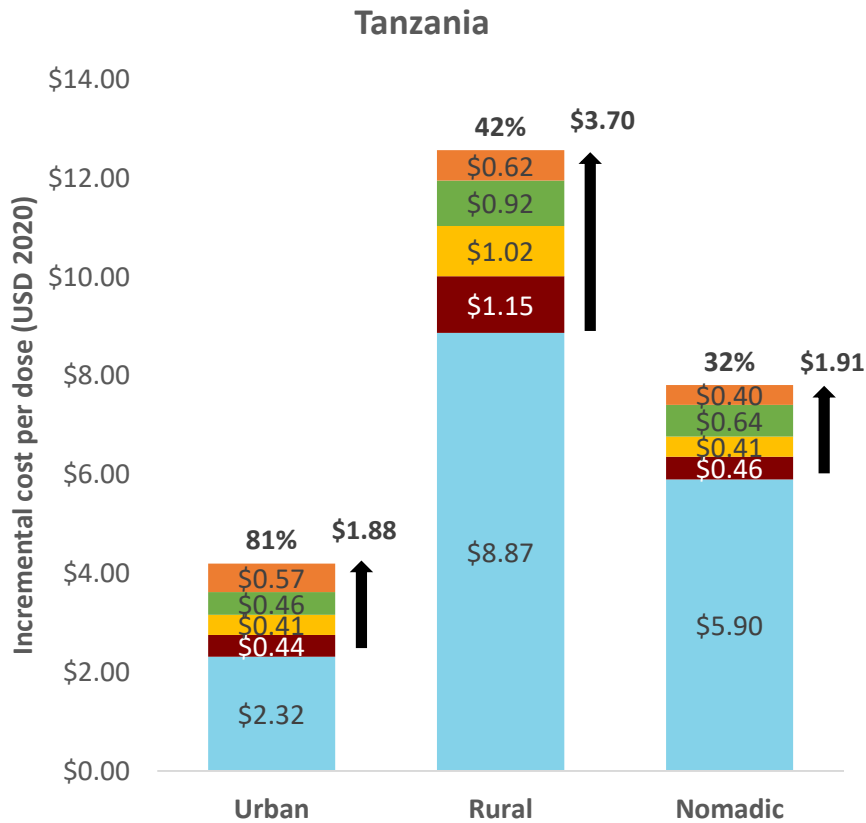
**HIGH**

- Drop of 50% at facilities and 100% at schools



■ Baseline ■ PPE ■ IPC ■ Distancing and screening ■ Additional sessions

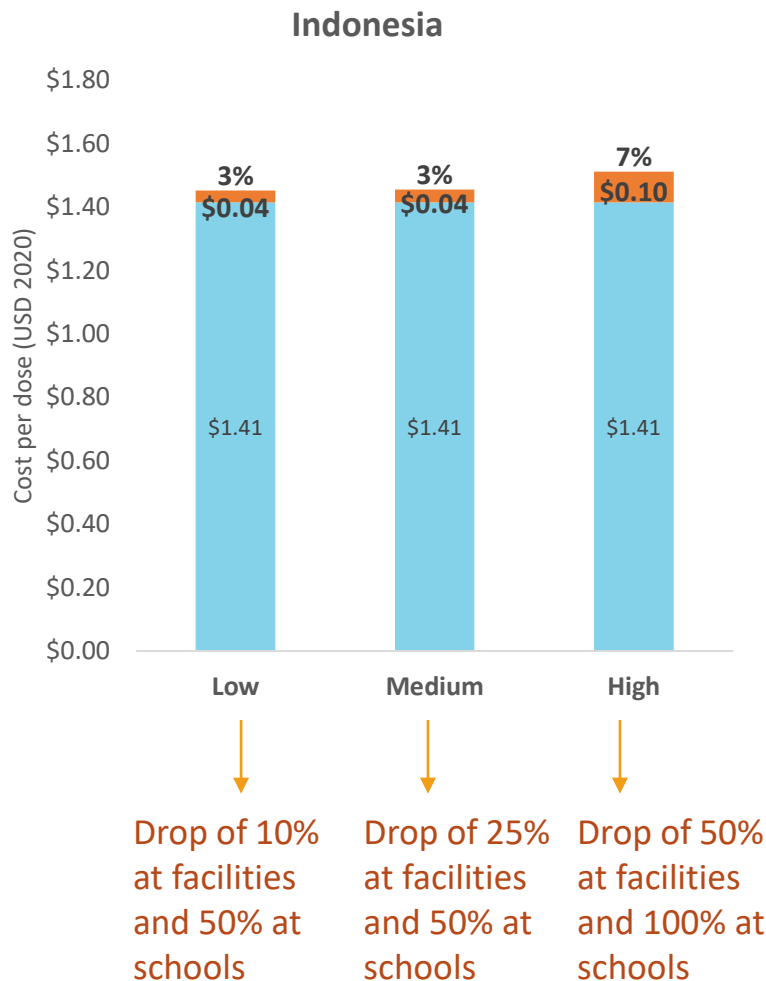
# COST OF OUTREACH BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA



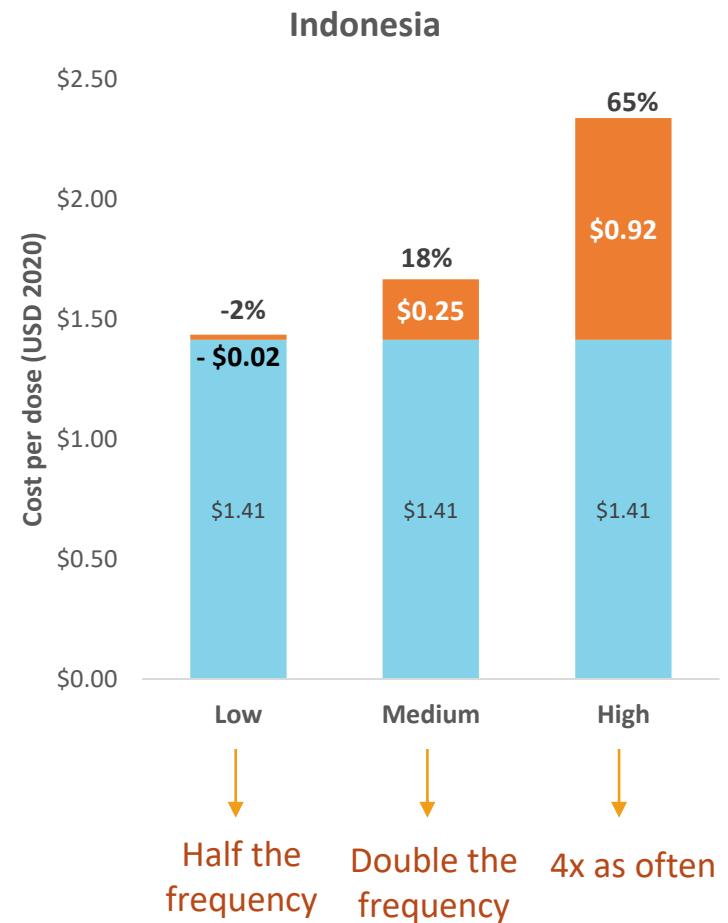
■ Baseline 
 ■ PPE 
 ■ IPC 
 ■ Distancing and screening 
 ■ Additional sessions

# ALTERNATIVE: CHANGES IN SESSION SIZE AND SESSION FREQUENCY

## A: compensating for drop in facility-based/school-based coverage



## B: changes in frequency/size



## 5. Conclusions & discussion

## SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSES

- **Campaign** costs per dose could increase by 19%-174%, depending on the specific changes (PPE package provided, duration of the campaign, etc.)
- For **facility-based routine** delivery: labor costs, including hazard pay and hiring additional crowd controller personnel, account for approximately 95% of monthly recurrent costs (and 60–80% of all incremental costs)
  - Excluding these cost categories results in 12-month per-facility costs of \$500–2,250 by scenario intensity
- Changes in the **outreach delivery costs** are highly dependent on the initial strategy: the volume delivered through outreach, session size and session frequency, remuneration for health workers specific to outreach
  - **PPE and IPC interventions** are the biggest driver of delivery cost increases in outreach
  - Outreach delivery costs in **rural areas** are high in the ‘status quo’, and the absolute USD change per dose is the largest here

**Incremental costs for maintaining essential immunization services will vary by context, according to the strategy used, and by level of intensity – this requires country level determination**

# QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION

- How might you **use this information** in your program? Do these analyses give you the necessary budget information to support these increases?
- How are you thinking to **restart/enhance** your immunization services: through catch-up campaigns, additional outreach and/or strengthening routine?
- Would there be appetite for a **calculator tool** to evaluate the cost implications of alternative strategies and scenarios? Are you interested in piloting a calculator tool as we develop it?

CALCULATOR									
	Volume	Facilities	Children	HZP	PPE				
	Low vol		900	\$36.20	\$8.62				
	Med vol		400	\$44.25	\$18.63				
	High vol		200	\$64.36	\$48.41				
			1500		880,000				
	INTENSITY	MONTHS		Recurrent Labor	Recurrent Supplies	Fixed/ One-time Total	Share		
PPE	Low	6			\$149,326	\$149,326	8%		
Patient Intake	Low	6		\$1,086,022	\$92,775	18600	\$1,197,397	63%	
Training	Low	na				\$131,334	\$131,334	7%	
Social Mobilization	Low	na				\$299,782	\$299,782	16%	
Hazard Pay	Low	2			\$126,300		\$126,300	7%	
				TOTAL	\$1,212,322	\$242,101	\$449,716	\$1,904,139	
Income Tier		LIC		Cost per Child	\$1.38	\$0.28	\$0.51	\$2.16	
Gavi group		Initial self-financing		Cost per Dose	\$0.17	\$0.03	\$0.06	\$0.27	
Doses delivered		7,040,000		Share	64%	13%	24%	100%	