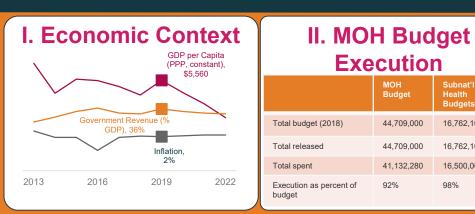


# **Timor-Leste**

# **LNCT Network-Wide Meeting**

Tangerang, Indonesia, July 2019



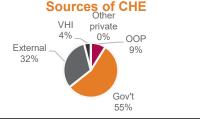


### **III. Sources of Health Expenditure**

Year of data: 2016 CHE per capita: US\$8

Domestic General Government Health Expenditure as % of General Government Expenditure: 5% (incl. autonomous agencies

% of Domestic General Government Health Expenditure spent on immunization: 39%



# **IV. Routine Immunization Budget**

| Line Item  | Budget Source(s)   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Vaccine supply & logistics   | <ul> <li>Nat'l health budget</li> <li>Gavi grant</li> <li>Subnational government<br/>budgets to collect vaccines<br/>from central/regional cold<br/>store</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Service Delivery   | Subnat'l health budget   |  |  |
| Training/ workshop<br>or refreshing<br>training on vaccine                                       | <ul> <li>Central government budget</li> <li>Donor basket funding to<br/>districts</li> <li>District government budgets</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| Monitoring &<br>Disease<br>Surveillance, incl.<br>supportive<br>supervision                      | <ul> <li>Central government budget</li> <li>MHS budget</li> <li>Subnat'l donor basket</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Operational<br>Expenses including<br>program<br>management                                       | <ul> <li>Central government budget</li> <li>Subnat'l health budget</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| Shared Health<br>Systems Costs,<br>incl. professional<br>services and<br>technical<br>assistance | <ul> <li>Central government budget</li> <li>Donors budget to national<br/>and MHS</li> <li>Subnat'l health budgets for<br/>contract staff</li> <li>Results based financing for<br/>staff incentives</li> </ul> |  |  |

Total Expenditure (from all sources) on routine immunization: \$1,931,436

Sources of RI Expenditure

National Gov't

Budget

GAVI

20%

Health

16.762.104

16,762,104

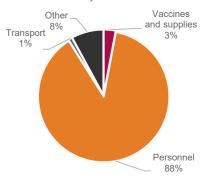
16,500,000

98%

**RI** Budget per Surviving Infant: \$42.88

% of RI costs financed by gov't: 23%

#### **RI Expenditure**



### Ask me how:

**SAMES** (the National Medical Stores) became an Autonomous Agency with a specific sub-national account that permits the direct transfer of funds from the MOF, allowing SAMES to prepare its own budget, submit it to MOF to get a fiscal envelope, and submit to parliament for fiscal debate and approval.

I want to know: How other countries implement earmarking on vaccines and other operational costs.

# **VIII. Challenges**

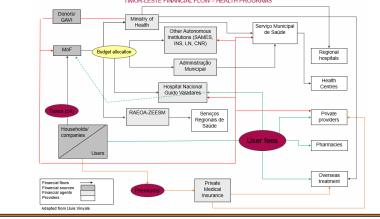
1. Delay in budget approval and budget release

2. Delay in reporting both financial and programs from health facilities

3. Bureaucracy of budget acquisition / too many layers of management in government systems

4. Lack of managerial capacities on resource management and administration

#### V. Funding Flows for Immunization TIMOR-LESTE FINANCIAL FLOW - HEALTH PROGRAMS



## **VI. Budget Allocation Process**

| Fund                                     | Responsible<br>Authority/<br>ies   | Allocation Guidance and<br>Process  | Key Bottlenecks   |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| MOH budget                               | National MOH<br>(Central<br>Services)  | MoF Allocated to Line Ministries based<br>on Parliamentary priorities and ceilings.<br>MOH allocates budgets to Municipality<br>Health Services based on MHS plan<br>and number of health staff   | Delay on budget approval by<br>parliament and promulgation<br>by president caused to the<br>delay in budget disbursement<br>to Line Ministries                    |  |
| Donor<br>support to<br>national<br>level | External<br>donors   | Allocated for specific activities based on<br>donor priorities and government input   | Delays in expenditure<br>reporting sometimes delays<br>funding release  |  |
| Municipality<br>health<br>budgets        | МОН  | MOH allocates budgets to Municipality<br>Health Services based on MHS plan<br>and number of health staff.   | Delays in expenditure<br>reporting sometimes delays<br>funding release  |  |
| Municipality<br>government<br>budget     | Ministry of<br>State and<br>Administration<br>& Municipality<br>Administrative<br>Authority<br>(Local<br>Government) | Municipality Health Service receive<br>certain amount of budget from Local<br>Government (Municipality Administrative<br>Authority) based on MHS operational<br>cost plan and salary for administration<br>and finance personnel (general regime<br>salary) | Except for staff salaries,<br>budget disbursements usually<br>begin in April or May, affecting<br>implementation of activities<br>scheduled in the first quarter. |  |

| VII. Identification of Gaps        |              |             |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Line item                          | Budget 2020  | Funding Gap | Potential Budget Sources                   |  |  |
| Vaccines & injection supplies      | \$970,978    | \$229,022   | GSB (Contingency Fund from MoF), Donors??? |  |  |
| Personnel                          | \$18,300,000 | \$1000,000  | GSB - MoH                                  |  |  |
| Transport                          | \$0          | \$360,000   | GSB, Donors?                               |  |  |
| Activities & other recurrent costs | \$7,527,000  | 0           | •  |  |  |
| Logistics                          | \$3,380,000  | 0           |  |  |  |
| Total                              | \$30,177,978 | \$1,589,022 | Gov + Donors                               |  |  |